

Date: 04/06/18

Revision: 13

REVISION SUMMARY

SECTION	REVISION	DATE
COVER PAGE	13	04/06/18
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FRONT COVER	13	04/06/18
REAR COVER	13	04/06/18

NOTE

To verify the latest revision of the POH compare the rev level found on the cover page with the latest revision posted on the RV-12 Service Information page of the Van's Aircraft web site. The overall rev level changes with any change within the document.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

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Date: 04	/06/18	Revision:	13
	INTRODUC	TION	
The airc	The aircraft is compliant with the following ASTM standards		
	Design Construction Continued Airworthiness Pilot Operating Handbook	F 2245 F 2563 F 2295 F 2746	
Manufac	cturer Contact Information		
	For an SLSA Aircraft Van's Aircraft, Inc. 14401 Keil Rd NE Aurora, Oregon 97002 Phone: 503-678-6545		
Data Loo	cation and Contact		
	Should Van's Aircraft Inc. lose RV-12, see data location and recovery of certification doo Synergy A 90451 Boeing Eugene, OR S Requests will only be Van's Aircraft Inc. is no los	d contact information for cumentation below: Air Drive 97402 processed if	
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Date: 06/14/16

SECTION 1

GENERAL INFORMATION

INDEX

GENERAL INFORMATION1-1SUMMARY OF PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS1-2

GENERAL INFORMATION

This manual has been prepared to inform the pilot of the features and systems incorporated in the RV-12. Recommended operating procedures and performance data are provided so that maximum utilization can be obtained with the utmost of safety, economy, and serviceability. A companion manual, the RV-12 Flight Training Supplement, mirrors the content of this manual but presents operating procedures at a greater level of detail than can effectively be presented in this manual.

It is strongly recommended that the pilot be familiar with the aircraft, the RV-12 FTS, and this manual prior to flight.

The words "WARNING", "CAUTION", and "NOTE" are used throughout the manual with the following definitions:

WARNING

An operating procedure, practice, or condition, etc. which may result in injury or fatality if not carefully observed or followed.

CAUTION

An operating procedure, practice, or condition, etc. which if not strictly observed may damage the aircraft or equipment.

NOTE

An operating procedure, practice, or condition, etc.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 06/14/16		Revision:4	
SUMMARY OF PERFC	SUMMARY OF PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS		
Gross Weight	1:	320 lb	
Top Speed (@ gross weight)	1	17 KIAS	
Cruise (@ gross weight, 5500r	'pm) 1	14 KIAS	
Range (@ gross weight , 5500	rpm, 7500ft, 30 min reserve	e) 425 nm	
Rate of Climb (@ gross weight, V _Y 75	KCAS, sea level) 90	06ft/min	
Stall Flaps Down @ gross weight, V _{SO}	4	1 KIAS	
Stall @ gross weight, V _S	4	5 KIAS	
Total Fuel Capacity	19.8 US C	Gallons	
Total Unusable Fuel (See Warning on page 2-6) Shallow Climbs, Level or Descending Flight: 0 US Gallons Vx Climb: 3 US Gallons Climbs: 4 US Gallons			
Approved Fuel Types	100 LL Aviation Fuel or 91 AKI Premium Unleaded	d Automotive	
Maximum Engine Powe	er 100 Hp @ 5800 (5 minute	es maximum)	
1-2 RV-12 PILC	DT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK		

Revision:8 SECTION 2	Date: 04/06/18
OPERATING LIMITATIONS	
INDEX	
GENERAL AIRSPEED LIMITATIONS CEILING FLIGHT LOAD FACTORS PROHIBITED MANEUVERS PASSENGER WEIGHT LIMITATIONS POWERPLANT LIMITATIONS FUEL LIMITATIONS AIRSPEED/POWERPLANT INDICATOR MARKINGS OPERATING LIMITATIONS PASSENGER WARNING MISCELLANEOUS PLACARDS	2-1 2-3 2-4 2-4 2-4 2-5 2-6 2-7 2-7 2-7 2-7 2-8
GENERAL	
This section lists all power plant and airframe operating limitations. These limitations are also indicated in the aircraft in the form of placards, instrument color markings, and audio warnings. The aircraft placards, instrument color markings, and	

warnings. The aircraft placards, instrument color markings, and audio warnings are to be the authority if an inconsistency exists with this manual.

WARNING All operating limitations must be strictly adhered to for reasons of safety and serviceability.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18 **FLIGHT OPERATIONS**

Revision:8

The RV-12 is designed for operation in the Light Sport Category.

Daytime flight in VFR conditions only is approved providing that the aircraft is operating as specified under Part 91 of the Federal Air Regulations (F.A.R.'s).

WARNING Night flight is prohibited (Unless equipped with optional lighting).

WARNING Flight in IFR/IMC conditions is prohibited.

WARNING

Flight into known icing conditions is prohibited.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision:8	INS	Date: 04/06/18
AIRSPEED DESIGNATION		KIAS
Stall at gross weight 13		41 45
Flap Operating Range		41-82
Normal Operating Rang		45-108
Operating Maneuvering		90
Operating Maneuvering Maximum Structural Cr		72 108
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AIRSPEED DESIGNATION KTAS		KTAS
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	NOTE	
KCAS Knots Calibrated airspeed is indicated airspeed (IAS) corrected for installation		
KIAS	and instrument error. Knots Indicated airspeed instrument error only.	d assumes zero
KTAS Knots speed of the aircraft re air mass in which it is flying.		
V _{NE} Maximum safe airspeed, not to b exceeded at any time.		
VNO	Not to be exceeded exce only and then with cautio	
V _{FE} Vo (Va)	Not to be exceeded with No full or abrupt control	flaps extended.
- (- · · ·	allowed above this airsp	
RV-12 PILC	DT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK	2-3

Date: 04/06/18 CEILING			Revision:8
Service Ceiling	Estimated 12,00	00 ft	
FLIGHT LOAD	FACTORS		
Category Light Sport Cate	egory	Limit Load Factor +4.0g/-2.0g	
	MANEUVERS		
		S PROHIBITED! inning prohibited	
PASSENGER	WEIGHT LIMIT	ATIONS	
Maximum pilot balance permitt		ght 300lbs per seat, v	veight and
2-4 R	V-12 PILOT'S OPE	RATING HANDBOOK	

Revision:8	Date: 04/06/18		
POWERPLANT LIMITATIONS			
Tachometer			
Caution Range (yellow arc) Normal Range (green arc) Caution Range (yellow arc) Maximum (red line)	1400 to 1800 RPM 1800 to 5500 RPM 5500 to 5800 RPM 5800 RPM		
Coolant/Cylinder Head Temperature*			
Normal in Cruise (green arc) Caution Range (yellow arc) Maximum (red line)	150° to 230° F 230° to 248° F 248° F		
Oil Temperature			
Minimum Normal in Cruise Caution Range (yellow arc) Maximum (red line)	120° F 190° to 230° F 230° F to 248° F 248° F		
Oil Pressure			
Minimum at Cruise Maximum at Cruise Maximum – Cold (red line) Minimum at Idle (red line)	29 psi 73 psi 100 psi 12 psi		
Exhaust Gas Temperature			
Maximum Cruise Maximum Take-Off	1560 ^o F 1616 ^o F		
*NOTE All engines with new cylinder heads (Part number 413185/413195 per Rotax SB 912-066UL) are equipped with sensors that measure coolant temperature. Older cylinders measured cylinder head temperature. The EFIS label for new cylinders will continue to be "CHT" even though indications marked CHT measure Coolant Temperature.			
RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING H	ANDBOOK 2-5		

Revision:8 Date: 04/06/18 **FUEL LIMITATIONS** Fuel Pressure (using engine driven pump 893110, 893114, or 893115) Normal Range 2.2 to 7.2 psi Maximum (red line) 7.2 psi Minimum (red line) 2.2 psi Fuel Pressure (using engine driven pump other than 893110, 893114, or 893115) Normal Range 2.2 to 5.8 psi Maximum (red line) 5.8 psi Minimum (red line) 2.2 psi Fuel Type 100 LL Aviation Fuel or (91 AKI) Premium **Unleaded Automotive*** Capacity 19.8 US Gallons *NOTE See the latest version of the Rotax Operators Manual and SI 912-016 for further information on fuel types and limitations. Unusable Fuel Shallow Climbs, Level or Descending: 0 US Gallons Vx Climb: 3 US Gallons Climbs: 4 US Gallons WARNING When the fuel level is less than 4 US Gallons, extreme caution should be used during climbs to ensure that the tank outlet remains submerged. Prolonged high pitch angles (greater than 8 deg nose up), may result in fuel starvation and engine stoppage. 2-6 **RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK**

Date: 04/06/18

AIRSPEED/POWERPLANT INDICATOR MARKINGS

Limitations are displayed electronically.

OPERATING LIMITATIONS

Limitations are displayed electronically.

PASSENGER WARNING

Displayed on instrument panel

"THIS AIRCRAFT IS AN EXPERIMENTAL AIRCRAFT AND DOES NOT COMPLY WITH FEDERAL SAFETY REGULATIONS FOR STANDARD AIRCRAFT" NO INTENTIONAL SPINS"

WARNING

FLIGHT INTO IMC IS PROHIBITED

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

ELSA 2-7

Date: 04/06/18

Revision:8

MISCELLANEOUS PLACARDS

- Registration number on outside of aircraft, 2 places
- Stainless steel data plate on outside of aircraft
- Registration number on instrument panel
- EXPERIMENTAL placard on baggage bulkhead
- Instrument panel switches and fuses are all labeled
- OPEN placard (near canopy latch on outside of rear window)
- Fuel type and capacity placard (near fuel cap)
- THROTTLE above throttle knob, PUSH OPEN on knob
- CABIN HEAT above cabin heat knob, PULL ON on knob
- PULL ON & ROTATE TO LOCK below choke control
- Fuel valve on/off placard adjacent to fuel valve
- Baggage capacity maximum 50 lb on baggage bulkhead
- No Push placards (2 places) on anti-servo tab
- Autopilot disconnect adjacent to switch (If optional Autopilot installed)
- 12 Volt Power Outlet 5A max adjacent to power outlet
- Music Input adjacent to receptacle
- ELT label adjacent to instrument panel switch
- Spare fuse holder fuse positions labeled

2-8 ELSA RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18

AIRSPEED/POWERPLANT INDICATOR MARKINGS

Limitations are displayed electronically.

OPERATING LIMITATIONS

Limitations are displayed electronically.

PASSENGER WARNING

Displayed on instrument panel

"THIS AIRCRAFT WAS MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LIGHT SPORT AIRCRAFT AIRWORTHINESS STANDARDS AND DOES NOT CONFORM TO STANDARD CATEGORY AIRWORTHINESS REQUIREMENTS NO INTENTIONAL SPINS"

WARNING

FLIGHT INTO IMC IS PROHIBITED

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

SLSA 2-7

Date: 04/06/18

Revision:8

MISCELLANEOUS PLACARDS

- Registration number on outside of aircraft, 2 places
- Stainless steel data plate on outside of aircraft
- Registration number on instrument panel
- LIGHT-SPORT placard on baggage bulkhead
- Instrument panel switches and fuses are all labeled
- OPEN placard (near canopy latch on outside of rear window)
- Fuel type and capacity placard (near fuel cap)
- THROTTLE above throttle knob, PUSH OPEN on knob
- CABIN HEAT above cabin heat knob, PULL ON on knob
- PULL ON & ROTATE TO LOCK below choke control
- Fuel valve on/off placard adjacent to fuel valve
- Baggage capacity maximum 50 lb on baggage bulkhead
- No Push placards (2 places) on anti-servo tab
- Autopilot disconnect adjacent to switch (If optional Autopilot installed)
- 12 Volt Power Outlet 5A max adjacent to power outlet
- Music Input adjacent to receptacle
- ELT label adjacent to instrument panel switch
- Spare fuse holder fuse positions labeled

2-8 SLSA RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

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Date: 04/06/18 GENERAL

Revision: 6

This section covers the recommended procedures to follow during emergency and adverse flight conditions. As it is not possible to define every type of emergency that may occur, it is the pilot's responsibility to use sound judgment based on personal experience and knowledge of the aircraft to determine the best course of action.

It is considered mandatory that the pilot be familiar with this entire manual, in particular, the "Emergency Procedures" section prior to flight.

WARNING

Do not turn off the Master switch with the engine running except in an EMERGENCY situation. Running the engine with the Master Switch off may damage the voltage regulator.

NOTE

All airspeeds in this section are indicated knots airspeeds (KIAS) unless stated otherwise.

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RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18

FIRE

ENGINE FIRE DURING START

If the fire is believed to be confined to the intake or exhaust system (result of flooding engine):

- Continue cranking engine with starter
- Choke PUSH OFF
- Throttle FULL OPEN
- Fuel Shut-Off Valve PULL UP-OFF
- Inspect aircraft thoroughly for damage and cause prior to restart

If fire persists or is not limited to intake or exhaust system:

- Fuel Shut-Off Valve PULL UP-OFF
- Electrical and Ignition Switches ALL OFF
- Evacuate Aircraft immediately
- If available, direct fire extinguisher through the air outlet tunnel at the bottom of the cowl

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18 ENGINE FIRE IN FLIGHT

Revision: 6

- Fuel Shut-Off Valve PULL UP-OFF
- Ignition Switches BOTH OFF
- Air Vents and Cabin Heat BOTH CLOSED
- Airspeed INCREASE glide speed to find an airspeed which will provide an incombustible mixture without exceeding **Vne**. (**Vno** if turbulence exists)
- Consider Side slip to divert smoke from pilot side
- Follow "Forced Landing Procedure" on page12
- MAYDAY 121.5 MHz (or frequency in use)

WARNING

Do not attempt to restart engine.

Before Touchdown

- Master Switch OFF
- Airspeed 60 KIAS (55 KIAS minimum)
- Flaps DOWN after intended point of landing assured.

Touchdown with minimum airspeed particularly if landing on rough terrain.

ELECTRICAL FIRE

An electrical fire is usually indicated by an odor of hot or burning insulation.

- Electrical Switches ALL OFF (leave Ignition Switches ON)
- Air Vent OPEN if necessary for smoke removal and ventilation
- Use hand fire extinguisher if available
- Land immediately (or as soon as practical if location for safe landing is not available)

3-4 RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18

GENERATOR/ELECTRICAL FAILURE

WARNING

Electrical fuel pump operation depends upon sufficient battery power. Monitor the fuel pressure provided by the mechanical engine driven pump if the electrical pump has been shut off using the master switch or fuel pump fuse.

Stabilator trim operation depends on battery power.

LOW VOLTAGE/DISCHARGE

A generator failure is indicated by a steady discharge on the ammeter and voltage indication less than 12.0 volts.

- Non-Essential Electrical Equipment OFF
- Avionics Switch OFF (the EFIS and GPS will continue to operate on the EFIS backup battery)
- Land as soon as possible as the battery and EFIS backup battery will furnish electrical power for a limited time only.

HIGH VOLTAGE

A voltage in excess of 15 volts indicates a runaway generator.

- Master OFF
- 30A Main Bus Fuse PULL-REMOVE immediately
- Non-Essential Electrical Equipment OFF
- Avionics Switch OFF (the EFIS and GPS will continue to operate on the EFIS backup battery)
- Land as soon as possible as the battery will furnish electrical power for a limited time only.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK D-180 3-5

Date: 04/06/18 VOLTAGE REGULATOR FAILURE (Silent Hektik Voltage Regulator Installed)

Revision: 6

NOTE The regulator has a voltage ramp up schedule and will take 30 mins to reach full output.

If an optional warning light is installed for the D-180 the voltage regulator will give a warning for one of three reasons. All three should be considered.

1) Overvoltage condition
 2) No generator output
 3) Over Temp Condition

If the generator would fail and cause an overvoltage condition the regulator will shut down automatically and give a warning. If the generator would fail and no longer provide output a warning will be given. Without the engine running when the aircraft is first turned on a warning will be shown because there is no generator output. Note that for both of these warnings the generator will no longer be charging the battery or supplying power to the main bus. As a result the main bus voltage will drop helping the pilot to realize along with the warning that power is no longer being supplied from the generator.

If an over-temp condition occurs the voltage regulator will continue to supply power to the main bus (the bus voltage will remain normal) but a warning will be given. This would most likely occur in elevated temperatures during lengthy ground operations, during a long climb at slow airspeed, or after extended periods of slow flight just above stall speed. These are extreme conditions not seen during most normal operations. If a warning is given in flight reduce the angle of attack and increase airspeed to help the flow of cooling air across the voltage regulator. If a warning is given on the ground increase the engine rpm to force more air through the cooling duct.

3-6 *D-180* RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18

GENERATOR/ELECTRICAL FAILURE

WARNING

Electrical fuel pump operation depends upon sufficient battery power. Monitor the fuel pressure provided by the mechanical engine driven pump if the electrical pump has been shut off using the master switch or fuel pump fuse. Stabilator trim operation depends on battery power

LOW VOLTAGE/DISCHARGE

A generator failure is indicated by a steady discharge on the ammeter and voltage indication less than 12.0 volts.

- Non-Essential Electrical Equipment OFF •
- Land as soon as possible as the battery and EFIS backup • battery will furnish electrical power for a limited time only.

HIGH VOLTAGE

A voltage in excess of 15 volts indicates a runaway generator.

- 30A Main Bus Fuse PULL-REMOVE immediately •
- Non-Essential Electrical Equipment OFF •
- Land as soon as possible as the battery and EFIS backup battery will furnish electrical power for a limited time only.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

SKYVIEW/ G3X 3-5

Date: 04/06/18 VOLTAGE REGULATOR FAILURE (Silent Hektik Voltage Regulator Installed)

Revision: 6

NOTE The regulator has a voltage ramp up schedule and will take 30 mins to reach full output.

The voltage regulator will give a warning via the EIFS for one of three reasons. All three should be considered.

1) Overvoltage condition
 2) No generator output
 3) Over Temp Condition

If the generator would fail and cause an overvoltage condition the regulator will shut down automatically and give a warning. If the generator would fail and no longer provide output a warning will be given. Without the engine running when the aircraft is first turned on a warning will be shown because there is no generator output. Note that for both of these warnings the generator will no longer be charging the battery or supplying power to the main bus. As a result the main bus voltage will drop helping the pilot to realize along with the warning that power is no longer being supplied from the generator.

If an over-temp condition occurs the voltage regulator will continue to supply power to the main bus (the bus voltage will remain normal) but a warning will be given. This would most likely occur in elevated temperatures during lengthy ground operations, during a long climb at slow airspeed, or after extended periods of slow flight just above stall speed. These are extreme conditions not seen during most normal operations. If a warning is given in flight reduce the angle of attack and increase airspeed to help the flow of cooling air across the voltage regulator. If a warning is given on the ground increase the engine rpm to force more air through the cooling duct.

SKYVIEW/ G3X 3-6 RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision:6 ENGINE MALFUNCTION	Date: 04/06/18
ENGINE FAILURE ON TAKE-OFF WARNING In the event of engine failure after airborne, th stick must be IMMEDIATELY moved forward to loss of airspeed.	
Sufficient runway remains for landing	
 Airspeed – 60 KIAS (55 KIAS minimum) Throttle – CLOSED Land using maximum braking after touchdow 	n.
If airborne and insufficient runway remains for lan attempt an engine restart if altitude permits:	iding,
 Fuel Shut-Off Valve – CHECK ON - DOWN Choke – CHECK OPEN - PUSH Ignition Switches – BOTH ON Fuel Pump - CHECK FUSE (illuminated if block) 	own)
 If no restart is possible: Select most favorable landing area ahead Flaps – FULL DOWN Fuel Shut-Off Valve – OFF Ignition Switches – BOTH OFF 	
WARNING Maintain flying speed at all times and attempt to turn back toward the runway sufficient altitude has been achiev	unless
 Master switch - OFF Touchdown with minimum airspeed particular landing on rough terrain. 	rly if
RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK	3-7

Date: 04/06/18

Revision: 6

ENGINE AIR RESTART

- Maintain Airspeed 60 KIAS (55 KIAS minimum)
- Ignition Switches BOTH ON
- Fuel Pump CHECK FUSE (illuminated if blown)
- Fuel Shut-Off Valve CHECK ON DOWN
- Choke CHECK OPEN PUSH
- If restart not possible, change throttle and/or choke settings in attempt to restart
- Follow "Forced Landing Procedure" if unable to restart

NOTE

The engine starter may be engaged in flight should the propeller stop wind milling. Propeller will not windmill below 80 KIAS.

PARTIAL POWER LOSS/ROUGH RUNNING

- Follow the engine air restart procedures
- Land as soon as possible using "Precautionary Landing Approach" procedures

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RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision:6 ABNORMAL OIL PRESSURE/TEMPERATURE

INDICATIONS

Date: 04/06/18

- RPM reduce to MINIMUM NECESSARY.
- Perform precautionary landing as soon as able.

Oil pressure and temperature problems are usually related with one affecting the other. Before any drastic action is taken, cross check other engine instruments and control settings in an attempt to determine the source of the problem.

High oil temperature is generally a result of loss of oil or overheating (note CHT). If the situation remains unchecked, oil pressure usually drops resulting in possible engine damage. Power should be reduced to the minimum necessary; land as soon as practical.

Little or no oil pressure is usually caused by a failed pressure relief valve, pump, loss of oil, high oil temperature or a defective gauge. A landing should be made as soon as practical using minimum RPM. Plan a "Precautionary Landing Approach" as complete engine failure is possible at any time.

High oil pressure is admissible for a short period at cold start. Should high oil pressure occur in flight reduce power to the minimum necessary; land as soon as practical.

NOTE (D-180 Only)

Zero oil pressure will be indicated if main bus power is removed.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/	/18 Revis	sion: 6
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2.40		
3-10	RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK	

Revision:6 EMERGENCY LANDING

Date: 04/06/18

PRECAUTIONARY LANDING APPROACH

A precautionary landing approach should be used whenever power is still available but a complete power failure is considered imminent. Maintain a higher and closer pattern than normal in attempt to remain in gliding distance of the intended touchdown point. Use the normal landing procedures in addition:

- Airspeed 60 KIAS recommended (55 KIAS minimum)
- Throttle CLOSED when in gliding distance of runway
- Flaps LOWER AS NEEDED to increase approach descent angle

NOTE

Slipping the aircraft by cross controlling the rudder and ailerons will increase the rate of descent both with and without flaps. If a crosswind exists, place the lower wing into the wind.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision: 6 Date: 04/06/18 FORCED LANDING (Complete Power Failure) If the engine cannot be restarted in flight, trim the aircraft to the recommended glide speed. Remain within gliding distance of the intended point of landing. Maintain a higher and closer pattern than normal making allowance for wind. Extending flaps or slipping the aircraft can lose additional altitude. Diving the aircraft in an attempt to lose altitude when flying into a headwind will only increase the required landing distance. Airspeed for maximum gliding distance - 63 KIAS • Minimum rate of descent airspeed- 59 KIAS Fuel Shut-Off Valve — PULL UP-OFF • Flaps – UP to maximize glide range • • Radio – MAYDAY 121.5 MHz (or frequency in use) Transponder – 7700. • Attempt to position the aircraft approximately 1000 feet • above ground level (AGL) when on downwind and abeam the intended point of landing. Ignition Switches – BOTH OFF • • Final Approach a) Airspeed – 55-60 KIAS b) Flaps - DOWN when intended point of landing assured Master Switch - OFF • Touchdown with minimum airspeed particularly if landing on rough terrain. 3-12 RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision:6 **DITCHING**

Date: 04/06/18

Should it become necessary to make a forced landing over water.

- INTO WIND landing if high winds are evident
- PARALLEL to SWELLS with calm winds
- Airspeed for maximum gliding distance 63 KIAS Minimum rate of descent airspeed- 59 KIAS
- Fuel Shut-Off Valve PULL UP-OFF
- Flaps UP
- Radio MAYDAY 121.5 MHz
- Transponder 7700.
- Ignition Switches BOTH OFF
- Flaps UP (allows NOSE HIGH attitude)
- Canopy UNLATCH (just before touchdown)
- Contact the water with a NOSE HIGH attitude
- After coming to complete stop EXIT AIRCRAFT

NOTE

Aircraft cannot be depended upon to provide flotation after contacting the water.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18 UNUSUAL FLIGHT CONDITIONS

Revision: 6

SEVERE TURBULENCE

To prevent overstressing the aircraft do not exceed 108 KIAS in rough air. To minimize personal discomfort, decrease the airspeed below 90 KIAS. Maintain a level flight attitude rather than flying by reference to the EFIS as the pitot-static indications may become very erratic.

STALLS

The RV-12 stall characteristics are conventional. Additionally, the RV-12 is equipped with a vane-type stall warning buzzer that activates approximately 7 KTS above stall speed.

Aileron control response in a fully stalled condition is marginal. Large aileron deflections will aggravate a near stalled condition and their use is not recommended to maintain lateral control. The rudder is very effective and should be used for maintaining lateral control in a stalled condition with the ailerons placed in a neutral position.

To recover from a stall, proceed as follows:

- Stabilator- relax back pressure on control stick.
- Throttle FULL OPEN simultaneously with relaxation of back pressure on stick.
- Rudder Use to maintain lateral control.

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Revision:6 SPINS

Date: 04/06/18

If a spin is inadvertently entered, immediate recovery should be initiated. The recovery procedure is as follows:

- Throttle CLOSED
- Rudder FULL OPPOSITE direction of rotation
- Sabilator SLIGHTLY FORWARD OF NEUTRAL
- Aileron NEUTRAL POSITION
- Flaps UP

When rotation stops (1/2 - 1 turn after recovery initiated)

- Rudder NEUTRALIZE
- Nose Attitude RAISE NOSE SMOOTHLY to level flight attitude

WARNING

During the spin recovery, the airspeed will build very rapidly with a nose low attitude. Do not use full or abrupt stabilator control movements.

RUNAWAY TRIM MOTOR

If the trim motor should begin to run un-commanded in one or the other direction the following actions should be taken:

- Trim Fuse PULL-REMOVE immediately
- Autopilot Switch (G3X Only) OFF
- Stabilator HOLD against out of trim condition
- Airspeed REDUCE to lessen the amount of force required
- Land as soon as practicable
- Flaps UP for landing to minimize pitch forces

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18

Revision: 6

LOSS OF TRIM TAB

A disconnected anti-servo tab implies lost trim and anti-servo function

- Airspeed REDUCE to minimize flutter
- Control Stick firm grip to prevent un-commanded pitch excursions.
- Land as soon as possible.

EMERGENCY DESCENT

If the need for an immediate descent to a lower altitude due to a smoke, pilot/passenger illness or other un-usual situation, perform an emergency descent mindful of airspeeds and load factors.

- Throttle CLOSED
- Control Stick BANK 30° TO 45° to maintain positive load factor
- Airspeed Increase without exceeding **Vne**. (**Vno** if turbulence exists)
- Do not exceed 82 KIAS if flaps are extended.
- Throttle CLEAR the engine every 1000' with a short application of power.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision:6 LOSS OF FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS (EFIS)

Date: 04/06/18

Electronic Flight Information systems are subject to complete or partial failure due to electrical system, AHRS/ADC, GPS module or software failures. If an aircraft system electrical failure occurs, the internal back up battery will furnish electrical power for a limited time only.

In the event of a complete loss of display information, fly the airplane to the nearest suitable airport using the present power settings and normal maneuvers.

Stall Warning aural warnings will remain functional with the Master and Avionics Switches - ON.

- Throttle Based on throttle positions and engine noise
- Nose Attitude Slightly below horizon

EFIS REBOOT PROCEDURE

DYNON SKYVIEW

• Buttons 1,2,5 -- PRESS simultaneously

GARMIN G3X

• Master Switch -- Turn OFF then ON

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18 IN-FLIGHT OVERSTRESS

Revision: 6

Should an overstress occur due to exceeding the airspeed or load factor limits, aggressive maneuvering should be terminated immediately.

DO NOT under any circumstances make large control movements or subject the aircraft to additional G loadings above that required for straight and level flight

- Throttle REDUCE
- Airspeed 65–75 KIAS
- Flaps UP
- Land as soon as practical

After landing, the aircraft should be inspected prior to the next flight.

UNINTENTIONAL FLIGHT INTO ICING

- Leave the icing area (by changing altitude, course or both, in order to reach zones with a higher ambient temperature).
- Cabin Heat ON
- Autopilot Switch OFF
- RPM INCREASE in order to prevent ice build-up on the propeller blades
- Flaps LEAVE RETRACTED
- ATC ADVISE

CAUTION

Ice build-up increases the stalling speed. Carry extra speed on landing approach. The stall warning horn may not function.

3-18 RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision:6 LOSS OF FLIGHT CONTROLS

Date: 04/06/18

LOSS OF STABILATOR CONTROL

- Trim Use as required for pitch control slow response
- Flap Will provide rapid pitch input (control response will be in reverse of control stick commands. Pulling up (back) on the flap handle will pitch the nose down). A high level of concentration is necessary to use flaps as pitch control.
- Throttle INCREASE for nose-up pitch response, REDUCE for nose-down pitch response.

Control Lost One Direction - Use trim and opposing pitch input.

Control Locked – Use flap and trim (will function as an elevator and opposite of normal).

Free Floating – Use trim control to maintain pitch attitude.

Find a suitable airport with a long, wide runway aligned with the wind direction if available

- Throttle REDUCE
- Airspeed 75 KIAS
- Flaps 1st position
- Airspeed Trim to 60 KIAS
- Establish a long, shallow final approach to the runway
- Throttle CHANGE TO CONTROL GLIDE PATH
- Short Final Airspeed using Trim and Throttle 50 KIAS
- Touchdown use power and/or trim to decrease the rate of descent.

NOTE

Flaps in first position allow more nose wheel clearance at touchdown than full flap position.

In the event of a go around, advance the throttle slowly to avoid a sudden pitch up tendency.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18

Revision: 6

LOSS OF AILERON ROLL CONTROL

- Rudder Yaw changes will have a secondary affect as low rate roll control.
- Autopilot Depending where the failure occurred the autopilot may be used to control roll.

Find a suitable airport with a long, wide runway aligned with the wind direction if available. To avoid a cross control stall maintain an airspeed 10 KIAS above normal.

LOSS OF FLAP CONTROL

Maintain an airspeed 5 KIAS above normal. Landing distance will be increased.

LOSS OF RUDDER CONTROL

Find a suitable airport with a long, wide runway aligned with the wind direction if available. If control has failed in one direction (most common failure) land such that the controlled direction opposes any crosswind component. To avoid a cross control stall maintain an airspeed 10 KIAS above normal. Touchdown at minimum speed. After touchdown shut off engine to minimize idle thrust.

3-20

Revision:6 Date: 04/06/18 LOSS OF BRAKE If discovered upon touchdown go around to consider the options below. • Find a suitable airport with a long, wide runway. • Select a runway with a cross wind from the inoperative brake side. Touchdown at minimum speed. • • After touchdown oppose the weathervane effect with the operating brake. If no cross wind exists use aerodynamic rudder control to steer towards the inoperative brake side of the runway. Once aerodynamic rudder control becomes ineffective, • shut off the engine to minimize idle thrust. Keep as much of the runway width available on the side • of the operative brake for roll out or a hard-braking turn to a full stop. 3-21 **RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK**

Date: 04/06/	/18 Rev	rision: 6		
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3-22	RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK			

Revision: 7	Date: 04/06/	18			
SECTION 4					
NORMAL OPERATING PROCEDURES					
INDEX					
GENERAL PREFLIGHT INSPECTION ENGINE START TAXIING BEFORE TAKE-OFF TAKE-OFF (Normal) TAKE-OFF (Obstacle) TAKE-OFF (Soft Field) CLIMB CRUISE DESCENT & APPROACH LANDING (Normal) LANDING (Obstacle) LANDING (Balked) SHUTDOWN	4-1 4-2 4-7 4-8 4-9 4-10 4-10 4-10 4-11 4-11 4-12 4-12 4-12 4-13 4-14 4-14 4-15				
GENERAL					
This section covers all recommended norr operating procedures using a checklist for whenever possible with additional informa further explanation is required.	rmat				
NOTE All recommended airspeeds in this sec KNOTS INDICATED AIRSPEEDS (KIAS aircraft loaded to the maximum gross w 1320 lb.	i) with the veight of				
RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK	(4-1			

Date: 04/06/18 PREFLIGHT INSPECTION

Cabin

- Canopy OPEN check condition, operation
- Flight Control Locks REMOVE
- Fuel tank CHECK FUEL LEVEL on Mechanical Fuel Gauge (no take-off with less than 4 gallons fuel)

Revision:7

- Master switch ON
- Avionics switch ON
- Stall warning vane ACTUATE
- Stall warning horn ON when vane is actuated
- Fuel Shut-Off Valve OPEN (Push Down)
- Gascolator DRAIN fuel sample, CHECK for leakage. See FTS if using fuel with ethanol.
- Fuel Sample CHECK for water or sediment contamination with fuel pump ON.

WARNING

During high ambient temperature conditions, run the fuel pump for 5 mins to flush the fuel lines and minimize the potential for vapor lock

- Lights / Strobes CHECK then OFF
- ELT OFF
- Baggage RESTRAINED
- Foreign or Misplaced Objects CHECK

Left Main Landing Gear

- Tire CONDITION, proper inflation 25psi
- Brake CHECK condition, no leakage
- Axle Nut CHECK cotter pin installation
- Wheel Bearings SHAKE WHEEL CHECK
- Wheel Chocks REMOVE

Revision: 7

Date: 04/06/18

Left Wing

- Wing CONDITION
- Wing Hand Hold CHECK no free movement*
- Tie-Down REMOVE eyelet
- AOA and Static Port check for obstructions
- Flaperon CHECK condition, freedom of movement
- Flaperon Hinge Brackets BOLTS CHECK

* WARNING: When applying Fore and Aft force check for play at the rear spar junction. This is usually discovered by hearing a clicking noise. If this is the case refer to the Maintenance Manual for corrective action. Excessive fore and aft play in the left wing, will also render the EFIS AOA indications inaccurate.

Fuselage (Left Side)

- Controls CONNECTED
- Static Port CLEAN & OPEN

Empennage

- Vertical Stabilizer CHECK condition
- Stabilator CHECK condition, proper attachment, freedom of movement
- Anti-Servo Tab CHECK condition, proper attachment
- Rudder CHECK condition, proper attachment, freedom of movement
- Tie-Down UNTIE RESTRAINT from eyelet

Fuselage (Right Side)

- Static Port CLEAN & OPEN
- Comm. Antenna -CHECK condition & security
- Fuel Vent Lines CLEAR
- Fuel Cap SECURE & VENT OPEN
- Controls CONNECTED

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18

Right Wing

- Flaperon CHECK condition, freedom of movement
- Flaperon Hinge Brackets BOLTS CHECK

Revision:7

- Wing CONDITION
- Tie-Down REMOVE eyelet

Right Main Landing Gear

- Tire CONDITION, proper inflation 25psi
- Brake CHECK condition, no leakage
- Axle Nut CHECK cotter pin installation
- Wheel Bearings SHAKE WHEEL CHECK
- Wheel Chocks REMOVE

Nose Section

4-4

- Transponder Antenna CHECK condition & security
- Muffler CHECK condition, security of attachment
- Cowl Door OPEN
 - Coolant LEVEL CHECK
- Engine Oil CHECK quantity, color, and clarity

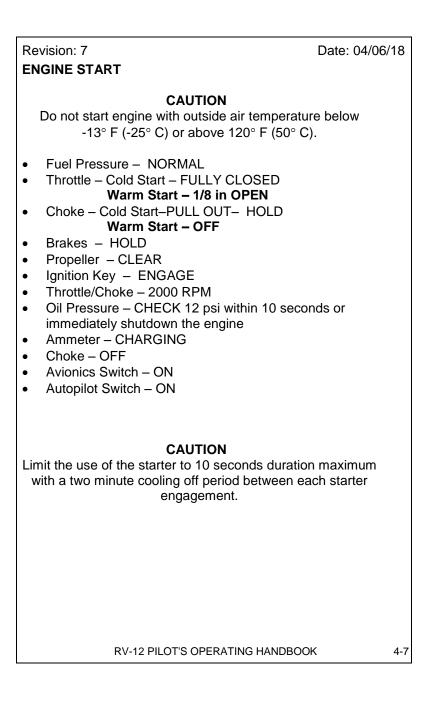
WARNING

Before performing the engine oil check procedure, make sure the master and both ignition switches are at the OFF position.

- 1. Remove oil cap from tank cover.
- 2. Turn propeller by hand in direction of propeller rotation several times to pump oil from engine into oil tank.
- 3. A gurgling sound will be heard.
- 4. Check oil level on stick
- 5. Replace the cap from the oil tank.

Revision: 7	Date: 04/06/18
ALTERNA	TIVE TO STEP 2:
 OIL minimum dipstick MASTER ON Ignitions A OF 	ey to turn the propeller for 10 evel CHECK attachment to oper inflation 22psi
Wheel Chocks - REMO	
 Cowing – CHECK con installed Right Air Inlet – CHEC 	
5	 CHECK condition, security
	 CHECK unobstructed
 Cowl Door – CLOSED 	
mixture is present.	until no more fuel/water
 Fuel Pump - OFF CHECK quick drain va 	lve for leakage
	-
	PERATING HANDBOOK 4-5
RV-12 FILOT S OF	PERATING HANDBOOK 4-5

Date: 04/06/18 Revision:7 **PRE-START** EFIS - POWER-UP (D-180/SkyView) by holding left ٠ button depressed until screen flashes white then release button. Passenger Briefing – PERFORM** • Safety Belts - FASTENED & SNUG • Canopy - CLOSED and LATCHED • Fuel Valve – OPEN (push down) • Throttle – ADJUST FRICTION • Master – ON Ignition – BOTH ON • • Anti-Collision Light - ON • **14 CFR 91.327(e) Each person operating an aircraft issued a special airworthiness certificate in the light-sport category must advise each person carried of the special nature of the aircraft and that the aircraft does not meet the airworthiness requirements for an aircraft issued a standard airworthiness certificate. RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK 4-6



Date: 04/06/18 TAXIING

Revision:7

Taxi operations during high winds require the conventional use of the flight controls. With a head wind or quartering head wind, place the control stick full aft and into the wind. With a tail wind or quartering tail wind, use the opposite procedures. The use of the wheel brakes in conjunction with the rudder will assist the pilot in maintaining directional control.

- Engine Gauges CHECK
- Brakes RELEASE
- Taxi RPM 1800–2500 RPM until oil temp reaches 120° F (50° C)
- Flight Instruments VERIFY proper indications.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision: 7 Date: 04/06/18 **BEFORE TAKEOFF RUN UP** Brakes – HOLD • Flight Controls – CHECK • • Flight Instruments – CHECK & SET • Fuel Valve – CHECK OPEN Fuel Quantity Indication - CHECK (no take-off with less • than 4 gallons fuel) Trim – SET for takeoff • Flaps – SET 1st DETENT • Canopy – CHECK Latched • Engine Run-Up • Minimum Oil Temp 120° F Stabilator – STICK BACK Throttle - 4000 RPM Ignition - Cycle A - B- BOTH ON (max RPM drop - 300) (max diff – 115) Engine Instruments – CHECK Normal Indications Ammeter – CHECK Throttle – IDLE Fuses - CHECK Fuel Pressure – NORMAL • Seat Belt, Pilot and Passenger - FASTENED & SNUG • Take OFF briefing and Abort Plan. REVIEW • Brakes – RELEASE NOTE Higher RPM will heat the oil more rapidly. Especially on hot days CHT can rise significantly if RPM is low. High power operation (above 3000 RPM) and engine run-up should be made into the wind and kept to a minimum during high temperature conditions.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18 TAKE-OFF (Normal)

Revision:7

- Control Stick half way between neutral and aft
- Throttle smoothly FULL OPEN
- Stabilator Control hold back pressure on control to RAISE NOSE just clear of ground, release as needed.
- Lift Off 50-55 KIAS
- Climb 75 KIAS (Vy)
- Flaps UP
- Trim AS REQUIRED to hold desired airspeed

During crosswind conditions, place the control stick into the wind (up wind aileron UP) and raise the nose just clear of the ground as early in the take-off roll as possible to improve rudder authority and prevent drifting or premature lift-off. When taking off with a left crosswind and full power, right rudder is a limiting factor.

TAKE-OFF (Obstacle)

During an obstacle take-off, use the normal take-off procedures with the following exceptions:

- Flaps 1st DETENT
- Brakes HOLD until application of full power
- Lift -Off 50 to 55 KIAS
- Climb 60 KIAS (Vx) until clear of obstacle

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision: 7 Date: 04/06/18 **TAKE-OFF (Soft Field)** For soft field take-off, use the normal take-off procedures with the following exceptions: Flaps – 1st DETENT • Stabilator Control - hold back pressure on control to • RAISE NOSE slightly higher than used for a normal takeoff. After Lift-Off – LEVEL FLIGHT to obtain safe margin of • airspeed prior to climb (Vx or Vy) WARNING The aircraft will lift-off at very low IAS but continued climb-out below 60 KIAS immediately after take-off is not recommended. CLIMB Throttle – FULL ٠ 5800 RPM Max 5 minutes 5500 RPM Max Continuous Airspeed – Best Rate 75 KIAS Flaps – UP Best Angle 60 KIAS Flaps – 1st DETENT Cruise-Climb 85 KIAS Flaps - UP Engine Gauges – CHECK Trim – as required to hold desired airspeed **RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK** 4-11

Date: 04/06/18 CRUISE

Revision:7

- Level-Off ACCELERATE to desired cruise airspeed
- Flaps CHECK UP
- Throttle SET RPM to cruise power (5500 RPM Max)
- Trim AS REQUIRED
- Engine Gauges CHECK

DESCENT & APPROACH

- Throttle REDUCE
- Flight Instruments ADJUST
- Airspeed AS DESIRED
- Engine Gauges MONITOR
- Flaps UP (above 82 KIAS)
 - AS DESIRED (below 82 KIAS)

The descent should be made with enough power to maintain cylinder head and oil temperatures in green arc. If possible, avoid wind milling the engine with the propeller by reducing airspeed or increasing power.

When planning a descent from cruise altitude to the airport traffic pattern, use time to destination to calculate a realist and comfortable rate (500ft/min).

When available, use the Vertical navigation (VNAV) function of the EFIS to perform a stable descent if terrain, airspace and/or weather permit.

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Date: 04/06/18

• Seat Belt – Pilot and Passenger – FASTENED & SNUG

- Brakes CHECK firm then release
- Ignition Switches BOTH ON
- Flaps AS DESIRED (below 82 KIAS)
- Trim AS REQUIRED
- Airspeed 55-60 KIAS
- Throttle AS DESIRED to control rate of descent
- Touchdown MAIN WHEELS FIRST
- After Touch Down –
 Stabilator Control FULL AFT Brake as Required

The best technique for use on soft or rough fields is to fly the landing approach at minimum speed carrying power into the landing flare and using an extreme nose high landing attitude so as to touch down with minimum airspeed.

During gusty wind conditions, fly the landing approach at approximately 5 kts above normal and touch down with the nose slightly lower than for a normal landing.

Crosswind approaches can best be accomplished by using the wing down top rudder method touching first on the down wing side main wheel, followed by the other main wheel, and finally lowering the nose wheel all the while keeping the stick into the wind.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Date: 04/06/18 LANDING (Obstacle)

Revision:7

Use of normal landing procedures in addition:

- Flaps FULL DOWN
- Airspeed 55 KIAS
- Throttle AS REQUIRED to control rate of descent
- Slip aircraft as necessary to increase rate of descent

WARNING

A relatively high rate of descent is possible in this configuration when at full gross weight and the throttle closed. If airspeed is allowed to decrease below 55 kts, level off can only be assured with an application of power.

LANDING (Balked)

Use of normal landing procedures in addition at the time of going around:

- Throttle FULL OPEN
- Flaps 1st DETENT
- Airspeed -

Best Angle 60 KIAS Flaps – 1st DETENT until clear of obstacle, then Best Rate 75 KIAS Flaps – UP

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Revision: 7 SHUTDOWN

Date: 04/06/18

- Throttle IDLE
- ELT CHECK LIGHT OFF CHECK signal on 121.5 MHz
- Ignition Switches BOTH OFF
- Avionics Switch OFF
- Master Switch OFF
- Tie Down– Control locks Chocks two wheels min.

NOTE

To prevent vapor building in the carburetor after shutdown in hot days, the oil door should be left open to let heat out of the cowl. Leaving the canopy in the open position latched with the F-1231G Canopy Catch, will reduce the risk of vapor-lock

NOTE

If high winds are anticipated, the aircraft should be hangered. If the aircraft must be left out, park into the wind and use additional tie-down ropes for security. Place the flaps in the full up position and secure the control stick full aft with the lap belt.

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4-16	RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK		

Revision:3	Date: 03/07/16
SECTION 5	
FLIGHT PERFORMANCE	
INDEX	
GENERAL AIRSPEED CALIBRATION STALL SPEEDS TAKE-OFF & CLIMB PERFORMANCE TAKE-OFF & CLIMB PERFORMANCE LANDING PERFORMANCE CRUISE PERFORMANCE	5-1 5-2 5-2 5-3 5-4 5-5 5-6
GENERAL	
This data is to inform the pilot what can be expe aircraft in the way of performance and to assist i planning.	
The data has been compiled from both estimate and actual flight test using average piloting tech aircraft and engine in good operating conditions corrected for standard atmospheric conditions.	niques, with an
RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HAN	DBOOK 5-1

Date	Date: 03/07/16 Revision				
	AIRSPEED CALIBRATION TABLE				
	CALIBRATED	INDICATED) AIRSPEED		
	AIRSPEED	SKYVIEW	G3X		
	45	45	45		
	50	50	50		
	55	54	55		
	60	58	60		
	65	65	65		
	70	69	70		
	75	75	75		
	80	78	80		
	85	84	85		
	90	89	90		
	100	100	100		
	110	110	110		
	120	120	120		
	130	130	130		
	140	140	140		
	150	150	150		

STALL SPEEDS (KIAS)

()				
	GROSS WEIGHT			
FLAP POSITION	1050 lb	1320 lb		
UP	41	45		
1/2 DOWN	39	43		
FULL DOWN	37	41		

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

		TAKE-OFF D	ISTANCE (FT)	MAX
PRESS	TEM	GROUND	50 FT	RATE OF
ALTITUDE	Р	ROLL	OBSTCL	CLIMB
(FT)	(°F)			(FT/MIN)
	0	589	1091	1156
	20	641	1188	1069
SEA LEVEL	40	696	1291	985
	60	750	1397	906
	80	812	1519	831
	100	873	1647	758
	0	681	1263	1007
	20	742	1380	921
2000	40	805	1505	839
	60	871	1642	761
	80	939	1790	687
	100	1010	1954	616
	0	790	1474	858
	20	860	1619	774
4000	40	933	1777	693
	60	1010	1952	617
	80	1089	2150	544
	100	1171	2379	474
	0	917	1742	710
	20	999	1927	627
6000	40	1084	2138	548
	60	1173	2384	473
	80	1265	2680	401
	100	1360	3060	333
	0	1068	2097	562
	20	1163	2355	481
8000	40	1262	2671	403
	60	1365	3082	330
	80	1472	3678	259
	100	1583	4720	192

PRESS	TEMP (°F)	TAKE-OFF DISTANCE (FT)		MAX RATE C
ALTITUDE (FT)	1 E Wii (1)	GROUND ROLL	50 FT OBSTCL	CLIME (FT/MIN
(•••)	0	471	951	1455
	20	513	1034	1345
SEA LEVEL	40	557	1122	1241
	60	600	1212	1141
	80	650	1314	1046
	100	699	1421	956
	0	545	1098	1268
	20	594	1197	1200
2000	40	644	1303	1057
2000	60	697	1416	959
	80	751	1539	865
	100	808	1673	776
	0	632	1277	1081
	20	688	1397	975
4000	40	747	1528	874
	60	808	1672	777
	80	871	1830	686
	100	937	2008	598
	0	734	1499	895
	20	799	1651	790
6000	40	867	1821	691
	60	938	2012	596
	80	1012	2233	506
	100	1088	2497	420
	0	854	1787	709
	20	930	1990	606
8000	40	1010	2226	509
	60	1092	2511	416
	80	1178	2877	327
	100	1267	3387	243

Revision:3 Date: 03/07/16				
LAND		IANCE – ZERO	WIND	
DENSITY	APPROACH	LANDING	DISTANCE (FT)	
ALTITUDE (FT)	SPEED (KIAS)	GROUND ROLL	50 FT OBSTCL	
0	55	525	1550	
2500	55	565	1615	
5000	55	610	1695	
7500	55	660	1770	

NOTES:

- 1) Decrease the distances shown by 10% for each 5 kts of headwind.
- 2) The data given is with flaps fully extended

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

C	Date: 03/07/16 Revision: CRUISE PERFORMANCE						
			CRI	JISE PE		ANCE	í
	DENSITY ALTITUDE (FT)	RPM	TAS (KTS)	FUEL BURN (GAL/HR)	ECONOMY (NM/GAL)	ENDURANCE HR:MM	RANGE (NM)
	2500	5500	116	5.7	20.2	3:24	394
		5000	103	4.4	23.4	4:25	456
	5000	5500	114	5.0	22.7	3:53	443
		5000	101	4.0	25.3	4:53	493
	7500	5500	114	4.6	25.0	4:14	482
		5000	101	3.7	27.4	5:17	534
	10000	5500	113	4.2	26.9	4:38	524
		5000	100	3.4	29.6	5:45	576

NOTES:

1) No fuel allowance is made for take-off, climb, descent, or reserve.

RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

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SECTION 6	
WEIGHT & BALANCE & EQUIPMENT LIST	
INDEX	
GENERAL OPERATING WEIGHTS & LOADING INSTALLED EQUIPMENT LIST SAMPLE LOADING PROBLEM LOADING GRAPH FLIGHT ENVELOPE	6-1 6-2 6-3 6-5 6-7 6-8
GENERAL	
It is the pilot's responsibility to ensure that the a loaded properly and within the weight and balar limitations. All flight performance, procedures a characteristics are based on this prerequisite.	nce
The actual licensed empty weight and CG of a s can be found on the Weight and Balance Form permanent part of the aircraft's file and onboard All additional changes to the aircraft's empty we the time of manufacture must also be attached From this information and the following instructi easily determine the useful load and proper loa for the aircraft.	which is a I documentation. eight and CG after to or indicated. ons, the pilot can
RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOO	PK 6-1

Γ					
Date: 04/06/1	8	Revision:7			
	OPERATING WEIGHTS & LOADING				
<u>Category</u> Light Sport	Max Weight 1320 lb	Center of Gravity Range 80.49" to 85.39" (18.4 to 27% Chord)			
NOTE All measurements are aft of the datum line which is 70 inches forward of the wing leading edge.					
Baggage 50 lb maximum					
Maximum pilot / passenger weight 300lbs per seat, weight and balance permitting.					
6-2	RV-12 PILOT'S OPE	ERATING HANDBOOK			

Revision: 7 Date: 04/06/18					
For Installed Equipment List see the Maintenance Manual.					
0	OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT LIST				
ITEM	WEIGHT Lbs.	ARM In.	INSTALLED	MOMENT In-Ibs.	
TOTAL					
RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK 6-3					

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SAMPLE LOADING PROBLEM

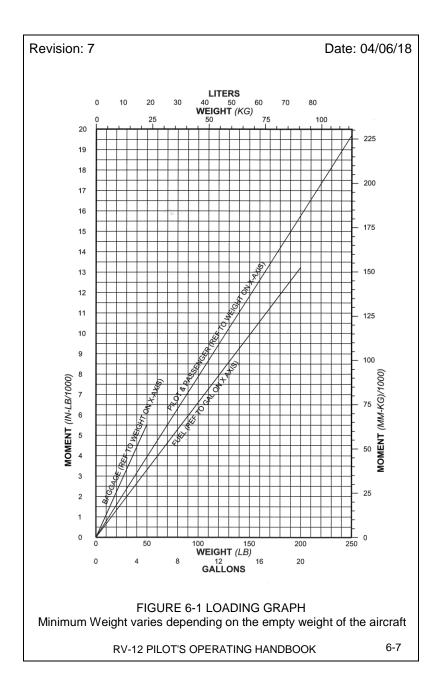
ITEM	ARM	SAMPLE AIRPLANE		
	(IN.) (LIMITS 80.49- 85.39)	WEIGHT (LB)	MOMENT (IN-LB)	
EMPTY WEIGHT WITH OIL & COOLANT	81.93	738	60468	
PILOT	78.85	190	14982	
PASSENGER	78.85	190	14982	
BAGGAGE	110.81	50	5541	
FUEL (6 LB/GAL)	110.28	119	13101	
TAKEOFF WEIGHT & MOMENT	84.75	1287	109073	

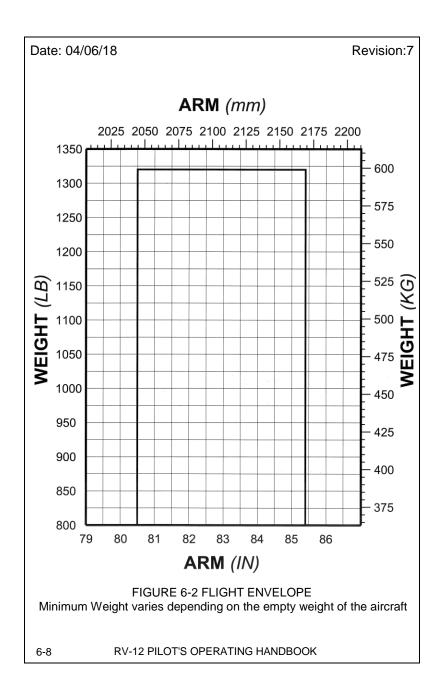
CG = TOTAL MOMENT / WEIGHT

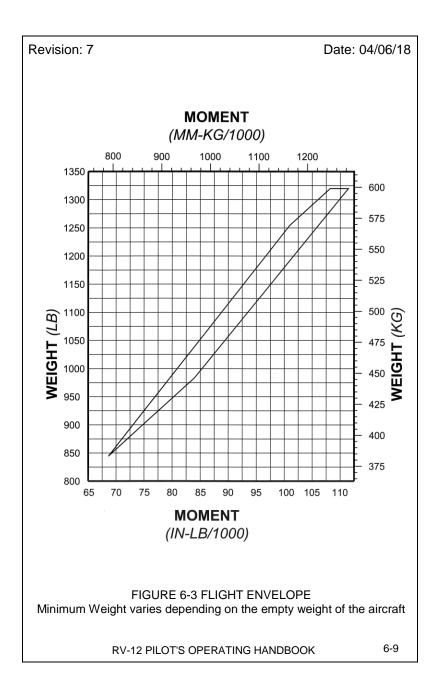
RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

Da	Date: 04/06/18 Revision:7				
	YOUR AIRPLANE				
	ITEM	ARM (IN.) (LIMITS 80.49-	WEIGHT (LB)	MOMENT (IN-LB)	
	EMPTY WEIGHT WITH OIL & COOLANT	85.39)			
	PILOT	78.85			
	PASSENGER	78.85			
	BAGGAGE	110.81			
	FUEL (6 LB/GAL)	110.28			
	TAKEOFF WEIGHT & MOMENT				
CG = TOTAL MOMENT / WEIGHT					

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SECTION 7

DESCRIPTION OF AIRCRAFT & SYSTEMS

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RV-12 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AIRFRAME

The RV-12 is an all metal, two place, low wing, single engine fixed tricycle gear airplane designed to conform to the S-LSA category.

The fuselage is made of conventional formed sheet bulheads, stringers and skin. (Semi-monocoque) A major item of the fuselage is the center section bulkhead that support the loads of each wing spar and main landing gear.

The removeable constant chord wings are built around a main spar that connect to the center section bulkhead. The empennage consists of a convetional fin, rudder and a stabilator/anti servo tab.

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ENGINE AND PROPELLER

The RV-12 is powered by a Rotax 912 ULS four cylinder, horizontaled opposed, air cooled with liquid cooled cylinder heads, dual carburators, rated at 100 HP/73.5 kW @ 5800RPM. Power to the dual spark plugs is provided by two independent Electronic Ignition units.

The engine is furnished with a starter, a 14 volt generator and external rectifier-regulator. The propeller is a gear driven Sensenich model 2A0R5R70E, composite two blade, fixed ground adjustable pitch with a 70 inch/177.8cm diameter.

FLIGHT CONTROLS

The full span ailerons and flaps are combined into one unit called flaperons. An internal machanical mixer allows the ailerons, via torque rods, to "droop" performinmg the function of flaps. The stabilator and rudder are connected to the controls by pull-pull cables. The trim tab is driven by a DC motor.

FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS

7-2

The RV-12 instrument panel employs an electronic flight instrument system (EFIS)s display unit. All flight, navigation and engine parameters data are displayed in one screen with an optional second screen.

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	RPLANT SUMM Description Make Displacement Ignition Carburetors Rated Horsepo		Rotax 912 ULS 1352 cc Ducati Double CDI Bing altitude compensating 100 Hp @ 5800 RPM (5 minutes maximum) 95 Hp @ 5500 RPM (continuous)	J
Propel		_		
	Make Model	Senser 2AOR5		
Fuel	See Operating	g Limitatio	ons	
Oil	See Aircraft G	round Ha	andling and Servicing	
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RV-12 AIRCRAFT SPECIFICATIONS

Exterior Dimensions

ft 9 in
ft 7 in
: 4 in
7 ft ²

Weights

Empty Weight 740 lb (average) Gross Weight 1320 lb

Loadings

Wing Loading 10.4 lb/ft² Power Loading 13.2 lb/hp

PERFORMANCE (1050 lb)

Speed Top Speed 119 KIAS Cruise 5500rpm 7500 ft 117 KIAS Cruise 5000rpm 7500 ft 105 KIAS Stall - flaps up 41 KIAS

Ground Performance

Take-off Distance 600 ft Landing Distance 475 ft

Climb/Ceiling

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Rate of Climb 1135 ft/min Ceiling (estimated) 15,000 ft

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PERFORMANCE (1320 lb)

Speed

 Top Speed
 117 KIAS

 Cruise 5500rpm 7500 ft
 114 KIAS

 Cruise 5000rpm 7500 ft
 101 KIAS

 Stall - flaps up
 45 KIAS

Ground Performance

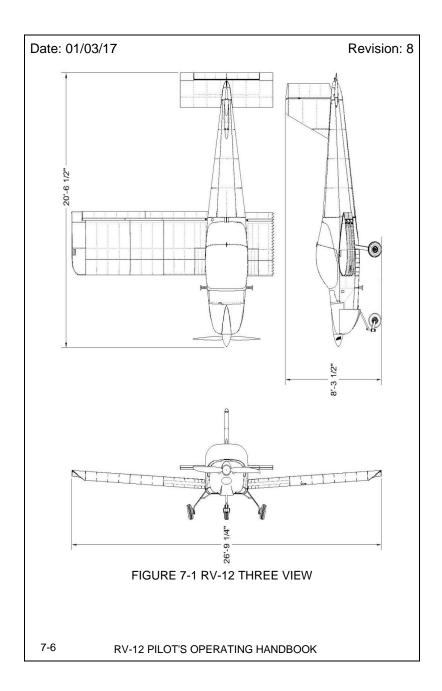
Take-off Distance	700 ft
Landing Distance	525 ft

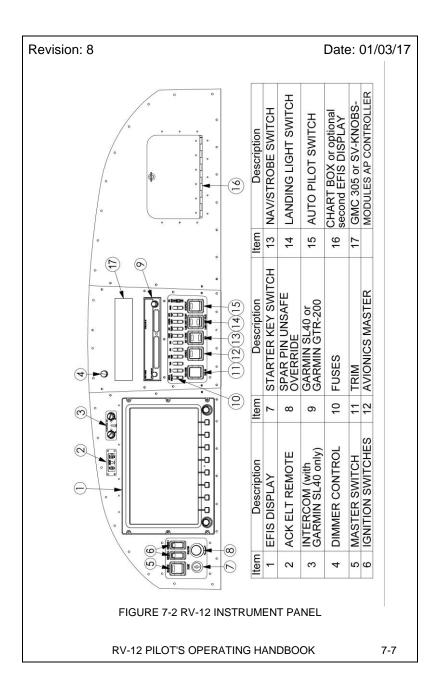
Climb/Ceiling

Rate of Climb900 ft/minCeiling (estimated)13,800 ft

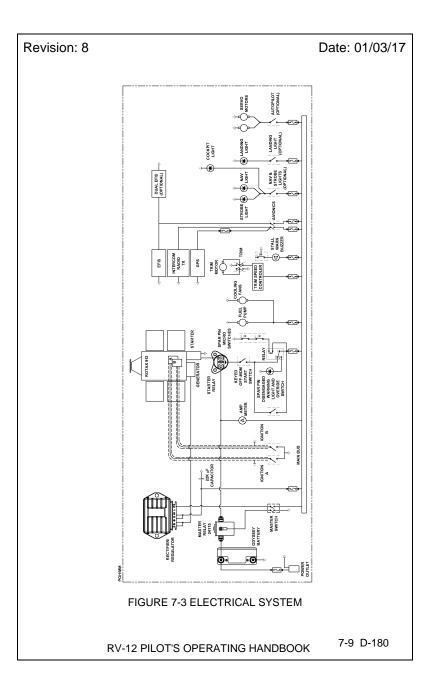
Range 5500rpm 7500 ft 482 nm Range 5000rpm 7500 ft 534 nm

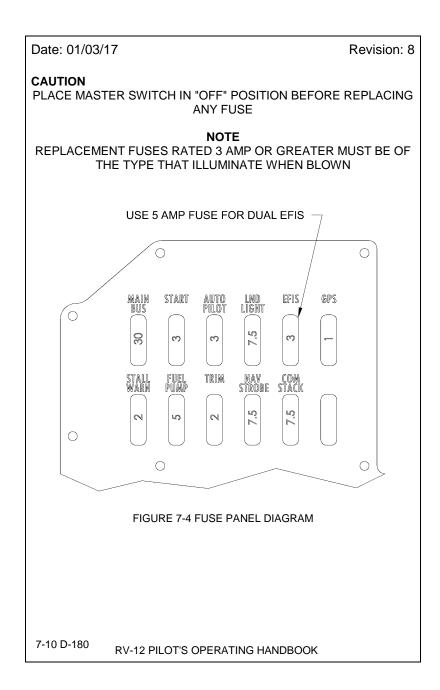
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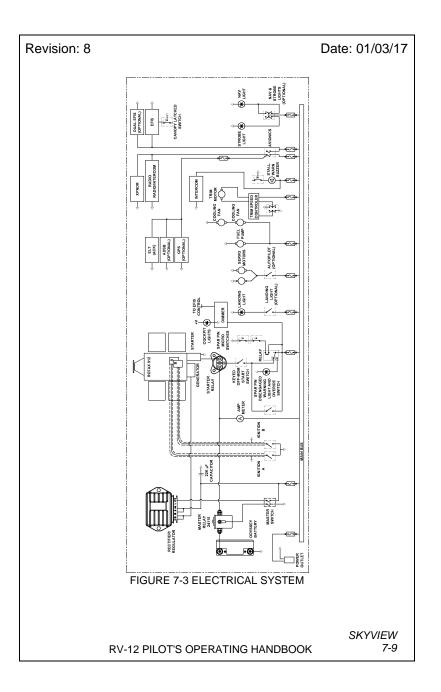


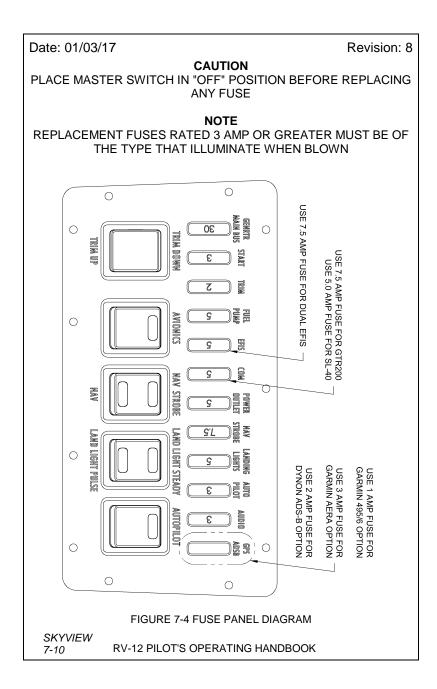


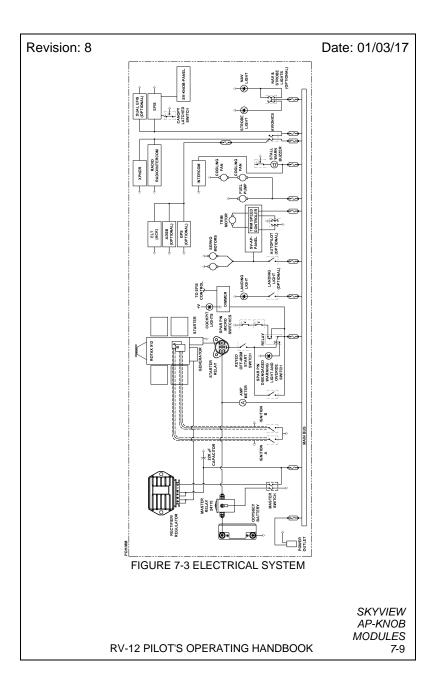
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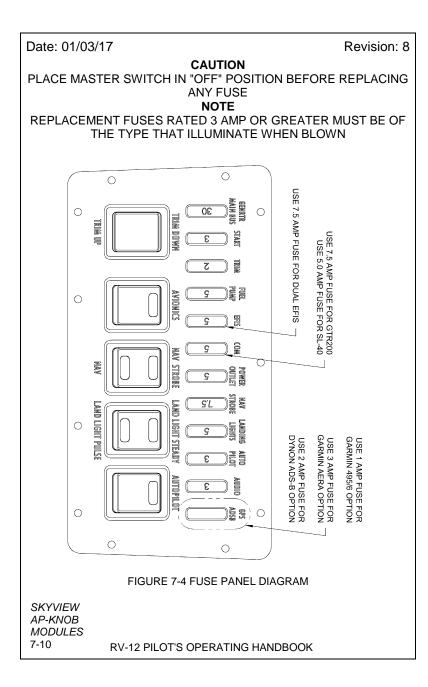


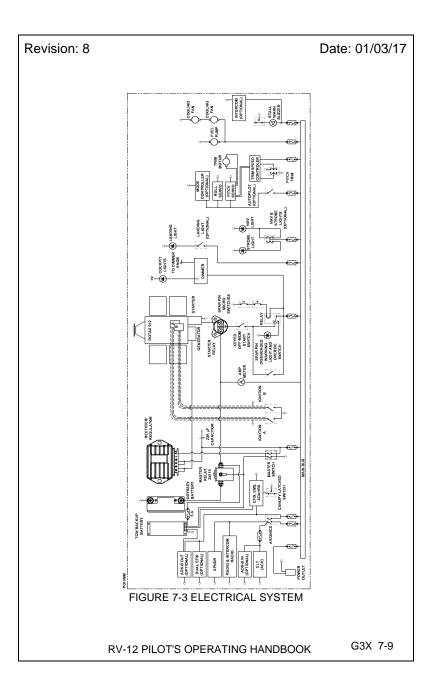


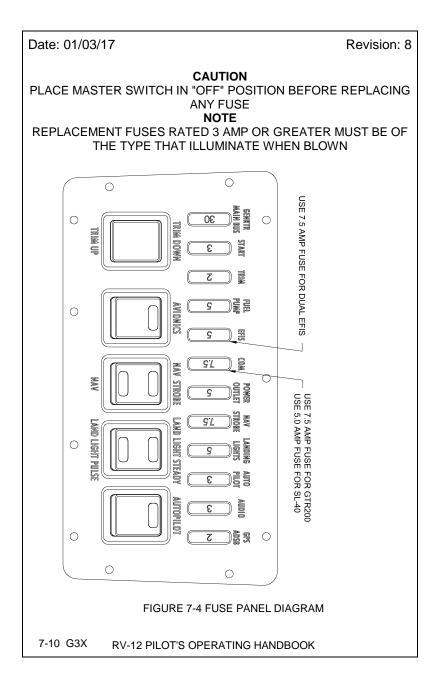


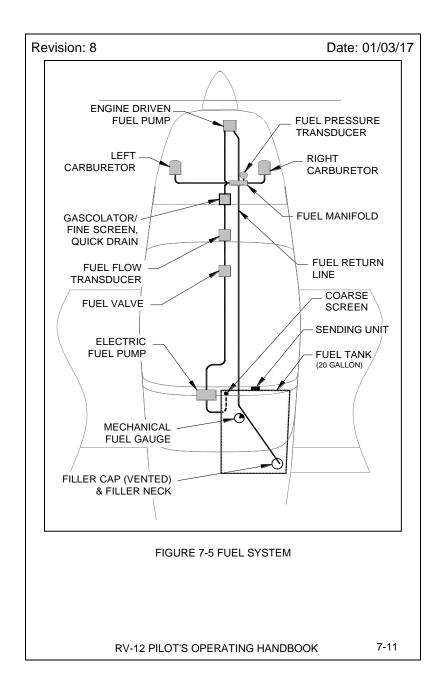












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WING REMOVAL/INSTALLATION TOWING/TIE DOWN /CLEANING & CARE	8-6 8-7
INTRODUCTION	
This section contains factory recommended proc proper ground handling and routine service.	edures for
In addition, it details some specifications rela maintenance requirements.	ted to the
In order to retain the expected perform dependability, your airplane should be maint inspected in accordance with the Engine an maintenance manuals and issued service bulletin	ained and d Airplane
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TABLE 8-1 ROTAX 912ULS

	ft-lb	in-lb	N-m
Oil Tank Drain	18	220	25
Screw			
Oil Filter		Hand Tig	ghten
Magnetic Plug	18	220	25
Water Pump	8	90	10
Drain Screw			
Carburetor	11	135	15
Socket Screws			
Spark Plugs	15	180	20
12mm/16mm			

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FUEL

Octane Rating 91 AKI (premium)

Too low an octane rating will cause pre-ignition and detonation, which can damage the piston ring grooves, skirt and crown. Fuel evaporates and quickly loses its octane rating by osmosis when it lies in a fuel tank or plastic jug. A premium fuel could see its octane rating drop to unusable levels after as little as three weeks. A lower octane rating would have an even shorter usable life.

CAUTION

Use of poor quality fuel or winter blend fuels in hot conditions may result in vapor lock.

Aviation Fuels

Only use 100LL AVGAS and proper engine oil. The oil will need to be changed more frequently, see the Rotax service manual.

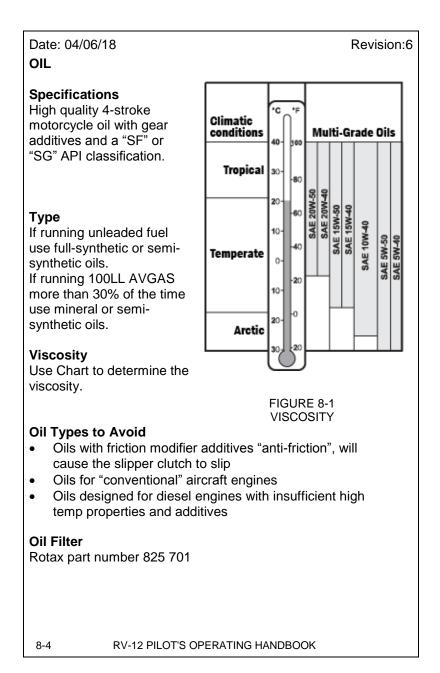
*NOTE

See the latest version of the Rotax Operators Manual and SI 912-016 for further information on fuel types and limitations.

Fueling Procedure

- Plane stopped, engine and master power OFF
- Clamp ground line to exhaust pipe.
- Remove filler cap, located right side fuselage aft of rear window.
- Protect rear window from fuel spill.
- Insert fuel nozzle, and add fuel. (Max. 19.8 gallons)
- Remove fuel nozzle.
- Replace fuel cap.
- Remove ground clamp.
- Wipe away spillage, if any.

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Revision:6 Date: 04/06/18 COOLANT Туре 50% long life antifreeze concentrate without sulfates and phosphates, with anticorrosion additives designed for aluminum mixed with 50% distilled or de-mineralized water*. *NOTE See the latest version of the Rotax Operators Manual and SI 912-016 for further information on coolant types and limitations. SPARK PLUGS Socket Electrode Gap Туре NGK DCPR8E 16mm .7-.8 mm/.028-.032 in **EXHAUST** Lubricate ball joints regularly with anti-seize lubricant (Loctite Anti-seize) to prevent gripping and seizing of the joints. **TIRES & TUBES** All three tires are 5.00 x 5 size and either 4 ply load rating or 6 ply load rating tires are acceptable. Inflation Pressure: Nose Tire: 22 psi (optimum)/23 psi (maximum) Main Tires: 25 psi (optimum)/28 psi (maximum) **RV-12 PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK** 8-5

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Removal and installation of the wings requires two people, one to hold the wing at the tip end and the second person to hold the stub end of the wing. The person handling the tip end of the wing must hold the flaperon approximately in trail as it will tend to flip around and possibly become damaged when disengaged from the fuselage.

REMOVAL

- 1. Withdraw each of the fuselage pins only enough to release the right wing spar.
- 2. Remove the right wing assembly and set aside.
- 3. Remove both of the fuselage pins.
- 4. Remove the left wing and set aside.

INSTALLATION

Installation procedure is reverse of the removal procedure

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TOWING

Towing is done with the collapsible rudder lock/tow bar connected to the nose wheel.

TIE DOWN

If possible orient the aircraft such that the nose is facing into the wind. With the flaps retracted, tie down the wings first with ropes/chains pulling outward and slightly forward from the wing tie-down points. With the wings secured, pull the aircraft backward to remove slack from the ropes/chains on the wings then attach the tie-down rope/chain to the tail tie-down point.

The RV-12 has 4 tie down points. The tail of the airplane has Bolt eye TD 3/8-16 which can be used to tie-down the airplane to the ground. Also on each wing, a Bolt eye TD 3/8-16 tie down can be installed using the pre-threaded hard points. The nose strut can also provide a tie down using the eyelet above the wheel fairing. The flaperons and stabilator controls are secured by fastening the pilot side lap belt around the stick. The rudder is secured by installing the collapsible tow bar/rudder lock.

CLEANING & CARE

Clean windshield surfaces only with plastic compatible cleaner designed specifically for airplane windshields.

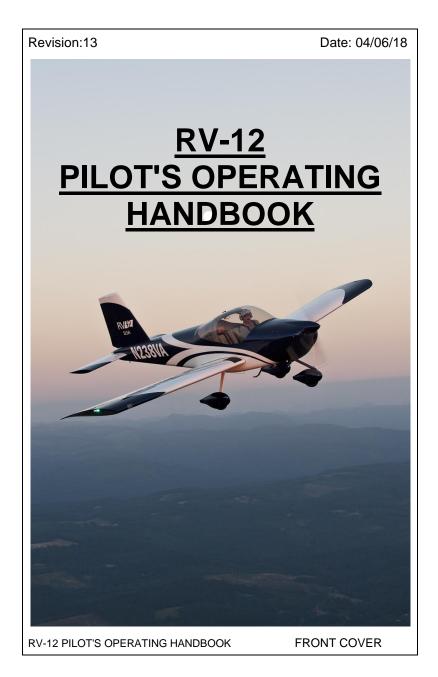
It is also important to rub the surface gently straight up and down. Using circular wiping motion may create a permanent halo in the windshield. Remove dirt and insects from painted surfaces with water alone and if necessary with a mild detergent or automotive paint cleaner. Remove oil stains, exhaust stains and grime on the lower fuselage skin with a cold detergent.

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	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
	See the Flight Training Supplement	
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